SPECIFICATIONS

POWER	4 Ω Stereo (8 Ω Bridged) (12.8 Vdc)	4 Ω Stereo (8 Ω Bridged) (14.4 Vdc)	2 Ω Stereo (4 Ω Bridged) (14.4 Vdc)	1 Ω Stereo (2 Ω Bridged) (14.4 Vdc)	Maximum Rated output
102	25W x 2 (50W x 1)	40W x 2 (80W x 1)	50W x 2 (100W x 1)	NA	100 Watts
202	50W x 2 (100W x 1)	75W x 2 (150W x 1)	100W x 2 (200W x 1)	NA	200 Watts
302	75W x 2 (150W x 1)	100W x 2 (200W x 1)	150w x 2 (300W x 1)	150w x 2 (300W x 1)	300 Watts

THD<0.1 %</th>Signal to Noise>100 dBFrequency Response20 Hz to 2Stereo Separation>90 dBDamping>200input Sensitivity300 mV toInput Impedance1 Ok Ohms

20 Hz to 20 kHz ± 0.5 dB >90 dB >200 300 mV to 5.0 Volts 1 Ok Ohms

Crossover Specifications

Low Pass SIP: 89 Hz at 12 dB/Octave High Pass SIP: 150 Hz at 12 dB/Octave

Hawkins Bass Control

Sub Sonic Filter: No boost, High Pass filter at 13 Hz. Hawkins Bass Control: 0 to +9 dB Boost(variable), 6 dB Boost (fixed); Boost and Sub Sonic filter frequency at 45 Hz.

Dimensions (W x D x H)

RUBICON102: 7" X 9.8" X 2.25" RUBICON202: 7" X 9.8" X 2.25" RUBICON302: 8.5" X 9.8" X 2.25"



SOUNDSTREAM TECHNOLOGIES 120 Blue Ravine Road · Folsom .California 95630 USA ph 916.351.1288 .fax 916.351.0414 rev A - 3/10/98





RUBICON 102 202 302 Power Amplifiers

> Owner's Manual and Installation Guide

Congratulations!

You now own the Soundstream **RUBICON** amplifier, the product of an uncompromising design and engineering philosophy. Your Soundstream **RUBICON** amplifier will outperform any other amplifier in the world.

To Maximize the performance of your system, we recommend that you thoroughly acquaint yourself with its **capabilites** and features. Please retain this manual and your sales receipt for future reference.

Soundstream amplifiers are the result of American innovation and the highest quality control standards. When properly installed, they will provide you with many years of listening pleasure. Should your amplifier ever need service or replacement due to theft, please record the following information which will help protect your investment.

Model and	Serial #	

Dealer's Name_____

Date of Purchase_____

Installation Shop_____

Installation Date_____

CAUTIONI

Prolonged listening at high levels may result in hearing loss. Even though your new Soundstream Rubicon amplifier sounds better than anything you've ever heard, exercise caution to prevent hearing damage.

Table of Contents

Design Features	p 4 - 5
RUBICON102 Amplifier Diagram	p 6 - 7
RUBICON202 Amplifier Diagram	p 8 - 9
RUBICON302 Amplifier Diagram	p 10 - 11
Crossover & Hawkins Adjustments	p 12
Hawkins Bass Control [™] Theory and Use	. p 13
Installation: Speaker Output ModesI	_P 14
Installation: Wiring and Diagram	p 15 - 16
Installation: Mounting	p 17
Installation: Level Setting and Front Spoiler.	p 18
Protection Circuitry and Troubleshooting	.p 19
Service	р 19
Specifications	_P 20

DESIGN FEATURES

- **RUBI Power Supply** (<u>Rapid-Use_Branched Impulse</u>) Our new power supply eliminates "power sags" during-low frequency reproduction by rapidly increasing the duty cycle, stabilizing the power supply and allowing it to deliver the power required when reproducing low frequencies. Also, greater reserve gate power is now stored for low voltage conditions that occur during extreme conditions.
- STACT™ (Stabilized Apex <u>Current Topology</u>) Reduces power supply stress by 50%. Use of inverted channels usually degrades the stereo image due to phase reversal of even order harmonic distortion that occurs between the inverted channels. In the STACT design inversion is done at the power amplifier drive stage. Since the fully symmetrical power amplifier produces no even harmonic distortion itself and all preamp circuitry (which does produce even harmonics) is run completely in phase, no even harmonic distortion phase reversal occurs.
- Trident[™] Protection Three types of protection for RUBICON amplifiers;
- 1. Output protection against short circuits or improper loads.
- 2. Ground fault detection. Shuts down the amplifier when a **signifi**cant (5 volt or greater) voltage fluctuation occurs between electrical (turn on lead) and battery ground.
- **3** Thermal protection. Will put the amplifier into thermal rollback or shut the amplifier down in extreme thermal conditions.
- Hawkins Bass Control Provides focused subwoofer boost and routes wasted subsonic power to the audible bandwidth. The RUBICON202 & 302 have the variable version of Hawkins Bass Control which allows you to boost bass from 0 to 9dB at 45Hz. A built-in subsonic filter at 45Hz helps protect the speakers. The RUBICON102 contains the fixed Hawkins Bass Control which allows you to boost bass 6dB at 45Hz. A built-in subsonic filter at 45Hz helps protect the speakers.
- Harmonic Bass Alignment[™] The 2nd and 3rd order harmonic peaks are critically aligned to fundamental peaks at low frequencies. This produces tighter, more accurate bass reproduction.

- Drive Delay II Muting[™] Amplifier section now powers up 2 3 seconds after power supply eliminating turn on pops. Turn off process is reversed. Amplifier section turns off first, followed by power supply.
- **Dynamically Optimized Power Grid™** Power grid is now evenly distributed between primary and secondary power supplies, providing greater dynamics and improved RF filtering.
- **High Power/High Current Switch(302** *only*) Allows user to match the amplifier to the load being driven allowing greater system flexibility and greater output.
- **Chassisink™** All transistors are sandwiched between the circuit board and the **heatsink** to provide cool efficient amplifier operation in a smaller package.
- **Differentially Balanced RCA Input** Eliminates ground loops related noise in the audio.
- Built-in Staggered S.I.P. Crossover Networks Built-in twoway electronic crossover is designed to send either high or low pass information to the amplifier. 12dB/oct Highpass and Lowpass.
- Flexible Dual Input Level Control (202 & 302 only): 300mV to 5V input sensitivity. Separate left and right level controls allows user to optimize system level control.
- Symmetrical Discrete Balanced Class A Drive Boards Autoadjusts for linear performance in low impedance loads.
- **Removable Front Spoiler** Allows for stealth installation of RCA, Balanced Line, Speaker and Power wiring.

KEY TO CALLOUTS





BOTTOM VIEW (PARTIAL)

- 1. Power LED Indicates amplifier power.
- 2. Subsonic, Hawkins Bass Control, H.P. Xover Switch Selectable high pass filter frequency range. Select "SUB SONIC" to engage the Sub Sonic filter at 13Hz with no boost. Select "Hawkins Bass Control" to engage the Sub Sonic filter at 45 Hz with available boost. Select "H.P. XOVER" to engage the amplifier's high pass filter at 45Hz or 150Hz for running satellite speakers.
- 3. Low **Pass XOVER Switch** Selectable low pass filter for driving subwoofers at 89Hz. Note: Do not have the "L.P. XOVER" and the "H.P. XOVER" engaged at the same time.
- 4. **MONO/ST Switch -** "MONO" for bridged mono operation with a single input signal (right channel only). "ST" for normal stereo operation.
- **5. FUSE** Main power supply fuse. *Warning: Replace only with the same value fuse!*
- 6. **+12V** Connected to a fuse or circuit breaker, then to the battery's positive terminal
- 7. GND Main ground connection. Bolt to a clean chassis point in the vehicle.
- 8. **REMOTE** Remote turn-on input from the head unit. Accepts +12V.
- 9. Speaker Connection Terminal Speaker connections for Ch's 1 & 2.
- IO. Input Levels Independent Left and Right input level controls.
- 11. RCA Inputs Right and Left channel RCA inputs.
- 12. Crossover S.I.P.'s Crossover frequency settings for amplifier.

KEY TO CALLOUTS



FRONT VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW (PARTIAL)

- 1. Power LED Indicates amplifier power
- Subsonic, Hawkins Bass Control, H.P. Xover Switch Selectable high pass filter frequency range. Select "SUB SONIC" to engage the Sub Sonic filter at 13Hz with no boost. Select "Hawkins Bass Control" to engage the Sub Sonic filter at 45 Hz with available boost. Select "H.P. XOVER" to engage the amplifier's high pass filter at 45Hz or 150Hz for running satellite speakers.
- **3.** Low Pass XOVER Switch Selectable low pass filter for driving subwoofers at 89Hz. Note: Do not have the "L.P. XOVER" and the "H.P. XOVER" engaged at the same time.
- 4. *MONO/ST* **Switch** "MONO" for bridged mono operation with a single input signal (right channel only). "ST" for normal stereo operation.
- 5. FUSE Main power supply fuse. Warning: Replace only with the same value fuse!
- 6. +12V Connected to a fuse or circuit breaker, then to the battery's positive terminal
- 7. GND Main ground connection. Bolt to a clean chassis point in the vehicle.
- 8. **REMOTE** Remote turn-on input from the head unit. Accepts +12V.
- 9. Speaker Connection Terminal Speaker connections for Ch's 1& 2.
- 10. Hawkins Bass Control "Boost" Adjustment Varies from 0 to +9dB of boost when the Hawkins Bass Control circuit is engaged
- 11. Input Levels Independent Left and Right input level controls.
- 12. RCA Inputs Right and Left channel RCA inputs.
- 13. Crossover S.I.P.'s Crossover frequency settings for amplifier.



FRONT VIEW



<u>KEY TO CALLOUTS</u>

- 1. Power LED Indicates amplifier power, either in High Power or Auto High *Curren t.*
- Subsonic, Hawkins Bass Control, H.P. Xover Switch Selectable high pass filter frequency range. Select 'SUB SONIC" to engage the Sub Sonic filter at 13Hz with no boost. Select "Hawkins Bass Control" to engage the Sub Sonic filter at 45 Hz with available boost. Select "H.P. XOVER" to engage the amplifier's high pass filter at 45Hz or 150Hz for running satellite speakers.
- 3. Low Pass XOVER Switch Selectable low pass filter for driving subwoofers at 89Hz. Note: Do not have the "L.P. XOVER" and the 'HP. XOVER" engaged at the same time.
- MONO/SUM/ST Switch "MONO" for bridged mono operation with a single input signal (right channel only). "SUM" for bridged mono operation summing two input signals (left and right). "ST" for normal stereo operation.
- 5. **FUSE** Main power supply fuse. Warning: Replace only with the same value fuse!
- 6. +12V Connected to a fuse or circuit breaker, then to the battery's positive terminal
- 7. GND Main ground connection. Bolt to a clean chassis point in the vehicle.
- 8. REMOTE Remote turn-on input from the head unit. Accepts +12V.
- 9. Speaker Connection Terminal Speaker connections for Ch's 1 & 2.
- 10. Hawkins Bass Control "Boost" Adjustment Varies from 0 to +9dB of boost when the Hawkins Bass Control circuit is engaged.
- 11. **Input Levels -** Independent Left and Right input level controls.
- 12. RCA Inputs Right and Left channel RCA) inputs.
- 13. Crossover S.I.P.'s Crossover frequency settings for amplifier.
- High Power / High Current Switch Use HIGH CURRENT for loads at 1 ohm stereo (2 ohms mono).
 CAUTION: DO NOT SWITCH WHEN AMPLIFIER IS TURNED ON.

BOTTOM VIEW (PARTIAL)

CROSSOVER & HAWKINS BASS CONTROL

ADJUSTMENTS

CROSSOVER

In most car audio installations, there is a tendency for a "midbass boom." Because of their interior dimensions, most cars will resonate or ring at these midbass frequencies. If we design the system so there is reduced output information in this region, the final response is very smooth and natural sounding.



Staggered Crossover 12 dB/octave low pass, 12 cB/octave high pass

The RUBICON102, 202 & 302 incorporates staggered

electronic crossovers. The high and low pass portions of the crossover can be set independent of one another.

CHANGING FREQUENCIES

The RUBICON102, 202 & 302 come with a 90Hz Low Pass S.I.P. and a 45Hz Hawkins and High Pass S.I.P. (Series In-line Package resistor network) If you are using this amplifier in the Low Pass Configuration, you will .

not need to change the S.I.P. crossover. If you are using the

SIP (KΩ) LP (Hz) HP (Hz) ration we reccomend that you NA 180 22 120 NA 26 82 NA 33 62 NA 39 remove the factory Low Pass/ 47 23 47 43 25 50 30 36 66 22 49 86 15 71 120 12 89 146 8.2 130 208 4.7 228 353 3.3 324 498 2 535 813

HIGH PASS SIP amplifier in a High Pass configuuse a higher frequency (150Hz) LOW PASS SIP for your crossover. In order to

receive a higher crossoverpoint, For high pass operation swap sips as shown.

S. I. P. (The S.I. P. with the white

dot), and the factory High Pass/Hawkins S.I. P out of the amplifier. Place the S.I. P. with the white dot in the socket for High Pass/Hawkins. This will give a High Pass frequency of 150Hz. Then place the remaining S.I.P. in the Low Pass socket. Make Sure That the Low Pass Crossover is NOT Engaged while the High Pass crossover is engaged! If you want to use a frequency other than the factory preset frequencies follow the chart to the left or the formula below to select your own crossover points.



NOTE: The following formulas may be used to determine values in creating "custom" resistor packs. The LowPass frequency is equal to 1.070,000 divided by the individual resistor value, or 1,070,000 / R oh ms = X Hz.

Example: 1,070,000 / 12,000 = 89 Hz

The High Pass frequency is equal to 1,600,000 divided by the individual resistor value plus 13, or (1.600,000 / R ohms) + 13 = X Hz.

Example: (1,600,000 / 12,000) + 13 = 146 Hz

To make a custom S.I.P., use 4 identically valued resistors of 2% or tighter tolerance. See the drawing of the S.I.P. or more information.

Hawkins Bass Control (variable) is a unique subwoofer control circuit included with the Soundstream RUBICON202 & 302 amplifiers. It is capable of removing subsonic energy in program material below 45 Hz at 12 dB/Octave, while boosting subwoofer frequencies. The circuit consists of two controls. One engages a subsonic High Pass filter at 45 Hz, and the other adjusts the amount of boost from 0 to +9dB(+6dB for the RUBCON102). The Hawkins Bass Control functions on either pair of channels (1&2 or 3&4) if their low pass filter is engaged.



The Boost control adjusts the amount of level applied at the set frequency, and is adjustable from 0 to +9 dB (see figure 2). When the boost is set to 0, Hawkins Bass Control acts as a sub

sonic filter only. The simple act of removing potentially harmful low frequencies can improve system output by as much as 3 dB.

Application

Subwoofer drivers in general have excellent power handling characteristics over their operational bandwidth. This bandwidth is determined by many factors, including driver design, and enclosure type. It is possible to



overdrive any subwoofer driver by sending powerful signals outside of its operational bandwidth. These potentially damaging signals can be removed by adding a subsonic filter. Figure 3 shows the effectiveness of the Hawkins Bass Control on woofer excursion in a vented enclosure. The woofer travels 7.5 mm at 10 Hz, With Hawkins Bass Control properly adjusted, this excursion can be reduced to less than 1 mm. This is of great benefit to lowering woofer distortion and increasing output.

Adjustment

An-easy method of optimizing your existing subwoofer enclosure with Hawkin's Bass Control is as follows:

- 1. Adjust the boost control to full counter clock-wise (0) position.
- 2. Set the bass control switch to 'HAWKINS BASS CONTROL".



- Play moderate to loud bass material. 3.
- 4. Adjust the boost (Q) control until you reach the desired level.

With Soundstream's Hawkins Bass Control, the boost and frequency control can provide the "tailoring" needed for any type of "assisted" design and any woofer in any type of installation.

INSTALLATION STEP 1

SELECTING THE SPEAKER OUTPUT MODE

The **RUBICON102, 202 and 302** amplifiers have the ability to operate in any one of the following modes:

Stereo (STACT / Mixed Mono): Use this mode for either stereo operation (left and right channels) or for Mixed Mono operation (stereo left and right channels plus bridged mono for a subwoofer).

Summed Mono (302 only): Use this mode to get a bridged mono output while using both the left and right inputs and gain controls.

Bridged Mono: Use this mode to get a bridged mono output while using only the right channel input and gain control (for use with a singular mono input).

Please follow the wiring schemes below for the correct operation:



INSTALLATION STEP 2

<u>WIRING</u>

POWER AND GROUND

To ensure maximum output from your **RUBICON** amplifier, use high quality, **low**loss power and ground cables and connections. The **RUBICON102 &** 202 amplifiers will accept up to 8 gauge power and ground cables. The **RUBICON302** will accept up to 4 gauge power and ground cables. Determine from the chart below the minimum gauge power and ground wire for your application.

	up to10'	up to 20'
RUBICON 102	8 or 10 gauge	8 gauge only
RUB/CON 202 8 or 10 gauge		8 gauge only
RUB/CON 302	4 or 8 gauge	4 gauge only

CIRCUIT BREAKERS AND FUSES

EXTERNAL

Like all audio components, the **RUBICON** amplifiers must be fused near the battery. A fuse or circuit breaker must be located within 18" of the **battery**. This will prevent a fire in the event of a shorted cable. See the chart below to determine the correct fuse value.

INTERNAL

The **RUBICON** amplifiers are fused with an automotive-type or Maxi-fuse. In the event of a blown power supply fuse(s), replace with the correct value fuse found in the chart below. Never **replace the fuse with a higher value than what is sup-plied.** *This may result in amplifier damage and will void the warranty!*

RUB/CON Amplifier Fuse Values

	Amplifier Fuse	Battery Fuse / Circuit Breaker
RUB/CON 102	25 amp automotive	30 amp
RUBICON 202	30 amp automotive	40 amp
RUBICON 302	(2) 20 amp automotive	50 amp

REMOTE TURN-ON

Connect the "Remote" line to the turn-on lead from the source unit. When +12 Volts is received, the amplifier will turn on.

WIRING cont'd

SIGNAL CABLE

Use a high quality cable that will be easy to install and has minimal signal loss to guarantee optimum performance.

SPEAKER CABLE

The **RUBICON** amplifiers will accept up to 8 gauge speaker cable. Use a high quality, flexible, multi-strand cable for best performance and longevity.

SAMPLE WIRING DIAGRAM

(RUBICON202 shown)



INSTALLATION STEP 3

INSTALLATION AND MOUNTING

AMPLIFIER LOCATION

The **RUBICON** amplifiers employ highly efficient circuitry, a custom-engineered heat **sink**, and a unique Chassisink construction to maintain lower operating **tem**peratures. Additional cooling may be required if the amplifier is located in a tightly confined area or when driving especially low impedance loads at extremely high levels.

When mounting the amplifier, it should be securely mounted to either a panel in the vehicle or an amp board or rack that is securely mounted to the vehicle. The mounting location should be either in the passenger compartment or in the trunk of the vehicle, away from moisture, stray or moving objects, and major electrical components. To provide adequate ventilation, mount the amplifier so that there are at least two inches of freely circulating air above and to the sides of it.

MOUNTING THE AMPLIFIER

a. Using the amplifier as a template, mark the holes on the mounting surface.

- b. Remove the amplifier and drill the holes for the mounting screws.
- c. Secure the amplifier to the mounting surface using the supplied hardware.

WIRING

- a. Run and connect the audio signal and remote turn-on cables to the amplifier from the source unit.
- b. Carefully run the positive cable from the amplifier to a fuse or circuit breaker within 18" of the battery.
- c. Connect the fuse or circuit breaker lead to the battery. Leave the circuit breaker off or the fuse out until everything is bolted down.
- d. Secure the ground cable to a solid chassis ground on the vehicle. It may be necessary to sand paint down to raw metal for a good connection.
- e. Double check each and every connection!
- f. Reconnect the fuse or circuit breaker.

POWER UP

Power up the system, there may be a 2-3 second delay from the time the source unit is turned on to the time that the amplifier turns on, which is normal. Once the **amplifer** LED is on and the source unit is playing, you should have sound coming from the speakers.

INSTALLATION STEP 4

LEVEL SETTING

The input levels are adjusted by means of the individual channel input level controls located on the front of the amplifier. This is a unique dual-stage circuit that adjusts both level and gain. This topology maintains better S/N Ratio even when using sources with minimal output.

In the ideal situation, all components in the audio system reach maximum undistorted output at the same time. If you send a distorted signal to an amplifier, it is simply going to amplify distorted information. The same holds true if an outboard processor or crossover begins to distort before you have maximum output from the amplifier. By setting all components to reach clipping at the same time, you can maximize the output of your system. For the **RUBICON** amplifiers, follow these steps for setting the input levels:

- 1. Turn the amplifiers' input levels to minimum position (counter-clockwise)
- 2. Set the source unit volume to approximately 3/4 of full volume.
- 3. While playing dynamic source material, slowly increase the amplifiers' input level until a near maximum undistorted level is heard in the system.

FRONT SPOILER

Once the amplifier is installed and the proper levels set, place the front spoiler in position, and bolt it on using the supplied hardware.

TRIDENT PROTECTION CIRCUITRY

Your Rubicon amplifier *İS* protected against both overheating and short circuits by means of main **power** supply fuses and the following circuits:

- Speaker Output Protection
- Ground Fault Differential
- A failsafe thermal protection circuit

NOTE: If you experience blown main power supply fuses, it is like/y that the amplifier is seeing a dead short, either in the speaker wire or in the speaker itself. **Rectify** the problem before blowing multiple fuses! DO NOT increase values beyond the original fuse value! Doing so will void your warrant and may damage your amplifer.

TROUBLESHOOTING

PROBLEM	CAUSE
No Sound and power LED is not lit	 No power or ground at the amp. No remote turn-on signal Blown fuse near the battery
No sound, power LED is lit.	 No signal input The AIRBASS/Accessory switch is in the "IN" position. Move it to the "OUT" position. (302 only)
Repeatedly blow amp fuse; frequent activation of Trident protection or Smart Power Supply Circuit	 Speaker or leads may be shorted Amplifier load my be too low Verify adequate amp ventilation
Very little output, or output is muffled.	Make sure that <u>both</u> the L.P. and the H.P. crossvers <u>aren't</u> engaged

SERVICE

Your Soundstream **RUBICON** amplifier is protected by a limited warranty. Please read the enclosed warranty card for details.